

Appendix B: Kentucky Timeline for Disease Reporting

 <h1>REPORTABLE DISEASES AND CONDITIONS IN KENTUCKY</h1> <p>902 KAR 2:020: Amended Table of Reportable Diseases and Conditions in Kentucky (Effective 12/28/2022) https://apps.legislature.ky.gov/law/kar/902/002/020.pdf * Select Any Disease/Condition to be redirected to the CDC Case Definition * Updated: 1/16/2024</p>		
URGENT NOTIFICATION WITHIN 24 HOURS: BY ELECTRONIC LABORATORY REPORTING AND REQUIRED EPID FORM	PRIORITY NOTIFICATION WITHIN ONE (1) DAY: BY ELECTRONIC LABORATORY REPORTING AND REQUIRED EPID FORM	ROUTINE NOTIFICATION WITHIN FIVE (5) DAYS: BY ELECTRONIC LABORATORY REPORTING AND REQUIRED EPID FORM
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Anthrax Botulism Brucellosis (multiple cases, temporally or spatially clustered) Cronobacter spp., invasive disease in an infant <12 months of age Diphtheria Hepatitis A, acute Measles Melioidosis Meningococcal infections Middle East Respiratory Syndrome associated Coronavirus (MERS-CoV) disease Multi-system Inflammatory Syndrome in Children (MIS-C) Novel influenza A virus infections Orthopox virus infection, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Monkeypox Smallpox Vaccinia Plague Poliomyelitis Rabies, animal Rabies, human Rubella Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Associated Coronavirus (SARS-CoV) Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome Associated Coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) (The virus that causes COVID-19) Tularemia Viral hemorrhagic fevers due to: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Crimean-Congo Hemorrhagic Fever virus Ebola virus Lassa virus Lujov virus Marburg virus New world arenaviruses including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Guanarito virus Junin virus Machupo virus Sabia virus Yellow fever 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Arboviral diseases, neuroinvasive and nonneuroinvasive, including: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> California serogroup virus diseases, including diseases caused by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> California encephalitis virus Jamestown Canyon virus Keystone virus La Crosse virus Snowshoe hare virus Trivittatus viruses Chikungunya virus disease Eastern equine encephalitis virus disease Powassan virus disease St. Louis encephalitis virus disease Venezuelan equine encephalitis disease West Nile virus disease Western equine encephalitis virus disease Zika virus, non-congenital or congenital Brucellosis (cases not temporally or spatially clustered) Campylobacteriosis Carbon monoxide poisoning Cholera Congenital syphilis Cryptosporidiosis Cyclosporiasis Dengue virus infections Escherichia coli O157:H7 Foodborne disease outbreak Giardiasis Haemophilus influenzae invasive disease Hansen's disease (leprosy) Hantavirus infection, non-Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome Hantavirus pulmonary syndrome (HPS) Hemolytic uremic syndrome (HUS), postdiarrheal Hepatitis B, acute Hepatitis B infection in a pregnant woman Hepatitis B infection in an infant or a child aged five (5) years or less Newborns born to Hepatitis B positive mothers at the time of delivery Influenza-associated mortality Legionellosis Leptospirosis Listeriosis Mumps Norovirus outbreak Pertussis Pesticide-related illness, acute Psittacosis Q fever Rubella, congenital syndrome Salmonellosis Shiga toxin-producing E. coli (STEC) Shigellosis Streptococcal toxic-shock syndrome Streptococcus pneumoniae, invasive disease Syphilis - primary, secondary, or early latent Tetanus Toxic-shock syndrome (other than Streptococcal) Tuberculosis Typhoid fever Varicella Vibriosis Waterborne disease outbreak 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Acute Flaccid Myelitis Anaplasmosis Babesiosis Chancroid Chlamydia trachomatis infection Coccidioidomycosis Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease Ehrlichiosis Gonorrhea Granuloma inguinale Hepatitis C, acute Hepatitis C infection in a pregnant woman Hepatitis C infection in an infant or a child aged five (5) years or less HIV infection or AIDS diagnosis Lymphogranuloma venereum Newborns born to Hepatitis C positive mothers at the time of delivery Histoplasmosis Lead poisoning Lyme Disease Malaria Spotted Fever Rickettsiosis (Rocky Mountain Spotted Fever) Syphilis - other than primary, secondary, early latent, or congenital Toxoplasmosis Trichinellosis (Trichinosis)
ROUTINE NOTIFICATION WITHIN 24 HOURS: BY ELECTRONIC LABORATORY REPORTING VIA EPID 250	ROUTINE NOTIFICATION WITHIN FIVE (5) BUSINESS DAYS: BY ELECTRONIC LABORATORY REPORTING	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Candida auris Carbapenem-resistant - Acinetobacter Carbapenem-resistant - Enterobacteriaceae (CRE) Carbapenem-resistant - Pseudomonas Vancomycin-intermediate Staphylococcus aureus (VISA) Vancomycin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (VRSA) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Hepatitis B & Hepatitis C laboratory test results whether reported as positive or negative: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Include the serum bilirubin levels taken within ten (10) days of the test of a patient who has tested positive; or Include the serum alanine amino transferase levels taken within ten (10) days of the test of a patient who tested positive Varicella laboratory test results reported as positive for: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Isolation of varicella virus from a clinical specimen Varicella antigen detected by direct fluorescent antibody test Varicella-specific nucleic acid detected by polymerase chain reaction (PCR) Multi-drug Resistant Organisms: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Clostridioides (Formerly Clostridium) difficile (C. difficile) Enterobacteriaceae species resistant to ceftazidime, ceftriaxone, or cefotaxime Methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus (MRSA) Vancomycin resistant Enterococcus species (VRE). 	
NOTIFICATION WITHIN 3 MONTHS OF DIAGNOSIS: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Asbestosis Coal worker's pneumoconiosis Silicosis 	Report Immediately by Telephone: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A suspected incidence of bioterrorism caused by a biological agent Submission of a specimen to the Kentucky Division of Laboratory Services for select agent identification or select agent confirmation testing An outbreak of a disease or condition that resulted in multiple hospitalizations or death. An unexpected pattern of cases, suspected cases, or deaths which may indicate the following shall be reported immediately by telephone to the local health department in the county where the health professional is practicing or where the facility is located: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A newly-recognized infectious agent An outbreak An emerging pathogen which may pose a danger to the health of the public An epidemic A non-infectious chemical, biological, or radiological agent. 	

Image Source: <https://www.chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dph/dehp/idb/Pages/diseasesummary.aspx> Amended Table of Reportable Diseases and Conditions in Kentucky