



Commissioner for the Department for Medicaid Services Selections for Preferred Products

This is a summary of the final Preferred Drug List (PDL) selections made by the Commissioner of the Department for Medicaid Services (DMS) based on the Drug Review and Options for Consideration document prepared for the Pharmacy and Therapeutics (P&T) Advisory Committee's review on **November 17**, **2022**, and the resulting official recommendations.

New Products to Market

Ztalmy®

Non-prefer in the PDL class: Anticonvulsants: Second Generation

Length of Authorization: 1 year

• Ganaxolone (Ztalmy) is a neuroactive steroid gamma-aminobutyric acid (GABA). A receptor positive modulator indicated for the treatment of seizures associated with cyclin-dependent kinase-like 5 (CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) in patients ≥ 2 years of age.

Criteria for Approval:

Initial Approval Criteria

- Patient is ≥ 2 years of age; AND
- Patient has a diagnosis of seizures associated with cyclin dependent kinase-like 5 (CDKL5) deficiency disorder (CDD) confirmed with genetic testing; AND
- Patient has tried ≥ 2 other anticonvulsant medications; AND
- Patient will avoid concomitant therapy with moderate or strong CYP450 inducers (e.g., carbamazepine, phenobarbital, phenytoin, omeprazole), or if concomitant therapy is unavoidable, dose adjustments will be considered; AND
- Ganaxolone is prescribed by or in consultation with a neurologist.

Renewal Criteria

- Patient must continue to meet the above criteria; AND
- Prescriber attests to stabilization of disease or reduction in seizure frequency from baseline;
 AND
- Patient has not experienced any treatment-restricting adverse effects (e.g., somnolence, pyrexia, suicidal thoughts or behavior)

Quantity Limit: 1800mg (36mL) per day

Age Limit: 2 years of age





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Anticonvulsants: Second Generation	Banzel® CC, QL Gabitril® QL lacosamide solution, tablets QL lamotrigine chewable tablets, tablets (except dose packs) levetiracetam ER QL levetiracetam solution, tablets QL Sabril® CC, QL topiramate QL zonisamide QL	Briviact® CC, QL Diacomit™ CC, QL Elepsia® XR QL Elepsia® XR QL Epidiolex™ CC Eprontia™ Fintepla® QL Fycompa™ QL Keppra® solution, tablets QL Keppra XR QL Lamictal® Lamictal ODT® Lamictal XR XR QL lamotrigine dose packs lamotrigine ER QL lamotrigine ODT Qudexy® XR QL rufinamide QL Spritam QL tiagabine QL Topamax® QL topiramate ER QL Trokendi XR XR QL Vigabatrin QL
		$Vimpat^{\otimes}QL$ $Xcopri^{\otimes}C^{C}$, QL $Zonisade^{m}QL$ $Ztalmy^{\otimes}A^{E}$, C^{C} , QL

Zoryve®

Non-prefer in the PDL class: Topical Psoriasis Agents

Length of Authorization: 1 year

• Phosphodiesterase 4 (PDE-4) inhibitor indicated for topical treatment of plaque psoriasis, including intertriginous areas (e.g., groin folds, axillae, gluteal cleft), in patients ≥ 12 years old.

Criteria for Approval:

Initial Approval Criteria

• Patient must have an adequate trial and failure, contraindication or intolerance, of at least two preferred medications within the last 90 days.

Age Limit: ≥ 12 years

Quantity Limit: 1 tube per 30 days

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Topical Psoriasis	calcipotriene ointment, solution	Bensal HP®
Agents	Dovonex® cream salicylic acid	calcipotriene cream, foam calcipotriene/betamethasone calcitriol ointment
	urea cream ^{QL} , foam, lotion	Duobrii™





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		Enstilar® MD, AE
		Kerafoam™
		$Salex^{\scriptscriptstyleTM}$
		Sorilux™
		$\mathit{Taclonex}^{@}$
		Uramaxin®
		Uramaxin® GT
		Vectical TM
		$Vtama^{{ ilde { m \it e}} AE, \; QL}$
		Vtama ^{® AE, QL} <mark>Zoryve[®] ^{AE, QL}</mark>

Vivjoa®

Non-preferred in the PDL class: Antifungals, Oral

Length of Authorization: 1 year

• Oteseconazole (Vivjoa) is an azole antifungal indicated to reduce the incidence of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis (RVVC) in females with a history of RVVC who are NOT of reproductive potential.

Criteria for Approval:

Initial Approval Criteria

- Patient has diagnosis of recurrent vulvovaginal candidiasis with ≥3 episodes of vulvovaginal candidiasis (VVC) in a 12-month period; AND
- Patient is a biological female who is postmenopausal or has another reason for permanent infertility (e.g., tubal ligation, hysterectomy, salpingo-oophorectomy); AND
- Patient must not have hypersensitivity to any component of the product; AND
- Patient is not pregnant; AND
- Patient is not lactating; AND
- Patient has tried and failed or has a contraindication or intolerance to maintenance antifungal therapy with oral fluconazole x 6 months

Age Limit: none

Quantity Limit: 18 tablets per treatment course

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Antifungals, Oral	clotrimazole	Ancobon®
	fluconazole	Brexafemme®
	griseofulvin suspension	$Cresemba^{ ext{@}}$
	itraconazole capsules ^{CC, QL}	Diflucan®
	nystatin suspension, tablets	flucytosine
	terbinafine	griseofulvin microsize tablets
		griseofulvin ultramicrosize
		itraconazole solution





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		ketoconazole
		Noxafil®
		Oravig [™]
		posaconazole
		Sporanox®
		Tolsura
		Vfend®
		Vivjoa® CC, QL
		voriconazole

Sotyktu®

Non-preferred in the PDL class: Cytokine and CAM Antagonists

Length of Authorization: 1 year

• Deucravacitinib (Sotyktu) is a tyrosine kinase 2 (TYK2) inhibitor indicated for the treatment of adults with moderate to severe plaque psoriasis who are candidates for systemic therapy or phototherapy. It is not recommended for use in combination with other potent immunosuppressants.

Criteria for Approval:

- Diagnosis of moderate to severe plaque psoriasis; AND
- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a dermatologist, rheumatologist or other specialist in the treatment of psoriasis; AND
- Symptoms persistent for ≥ 6 months with at least 1 of the following:
 - o Involvement of at least 3% of body surface area (BSA); OR
 - o Psoriasis Area and Severity Index (PASI) score of 10 or greater; OR
 - o Incapacitation due to plaque location (i.e., head and neck, palms, soles, or genitalia); AND
- Trial and failure (at least 3 months) of ≥ 1 conventional therapy:
 - o Disease-modifying anti-rheumatic drug (DMARD), such as methotrexate
 - o Immunosuppressant (e.g., cyclosporine)
 - o Oral retinoid (e.g., acitretin); AND
- NOT used in combination with any other biologic agent; AND
- Trial and failure (at least 3 months) unless contraindication or intolerance to, ≥ 1 preferred cytokine or CAM antagonist indicated for the treatment of this condition; AND
- Patient must meet the minimum age recommended by the package insert for this FDAapproved indication.

Renewal Criteria:

 Documentation (e.g., progress note) of response to therapy compared to baseline, such as redness, thickness, scaliness, amount of surface area involvement, and/or PASI score.

Age Limit: ≥ 18 years

Quantity Limit: 1 per day





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Cytokine and CAM	Cosentyx® CC, QL	Actemra® CC, QL
Antagonists	Enbrel® CC, QL	$Cibinqo^{^{ am}CC,\;QL}$
	Humira® CC, QL	Cimzia ^{® CC, QL}
	Otezla® CC, QL	Enspryng ^{™ CC, AE, QL}
		$Ilumya^{^{\intercal \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \!$
		Kevzara® CC ,AE, QL
		$\mathit{Kineret}^{@\ CC,\ QL}$
		Olumiant® CC, AE, QL
		Orencia® ^{CC, QL}
		$Rinvoq^{^{ au\!\kappa}CC,AE,QL}$
		$Siliq^{^{ au_{CC,AE,QL}}}$
		$Simponi^{^{ extit{TM}}}$ CC , QL
		$Skyrizi^{ au_{CC,AE,QL}}$
		Sotyktu® AE, CC, QL
		Stelara™ CC, QL
		$\mathit{Taltz}^{@\mathit{CC},\mathit{QL}}$
		Tremfya™ CC, AE, QL
		Xeljanz® ^{CC, QL}
		Xeljanz® XR ^{CC, QL}

Existing Product to be reviewed as a Single Product

 $Tyvaso^{\circledR} Tyvaso \ DPI^{\red{m}}$

Non-preferred in the PDL class: Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) Agents

Length of Authorization: 1 year

• Treprostinil (Tyvaso® Tyvaso DPITM) is a prostacyclin mimetic indicated for the treatment of pulmonary arterial hypertension (PAH; WHO Group 1) to improve exercise ability and pulmonary hypertension associated with interstitial lung disease (PH-ILD; WHO Group 3) to improve exercise ability.

Criteria for Approval:

Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH)

- Diagnosis of Pulmonary Arterial Hypertension (PAH) WHO Group 1
- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
- Patient has trial and therapeutic failure, allergy, contraindication or intolerance to 2 or more preferred agents for at least 1 month.

Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease

- Diagnosis of Pulmonary Hypertension Associated with Interstitial Lung Disease WHO Group 3
- Prescribed by, or in consultation with, a cardiologist or a pulmonologist
- Baseline forced vital capacity < 70% for patients with connective tissue disease
- Patient has had a right heart catheterization (documentation required)





• Results of the right heart catheterization confirm the diagnosis of WHO Group 3 interstitial lung disease associated with pulmonary hypertension

Renewal Criteria

- Patient has a documented response to therapy
- Patient has not experienced any treatment limiting adverse effects

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Pulmonary Arterial	Alyq® CC, QL	$Adcirca^{^{T\!M}QL}$
Hypertension (PAH)	ambrisentan ^{CC}	$Adempas^{\! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! \! $
	Revatio suspension™ CC	bosentan tablets
	sildenafil tablets ^{CC}	Letairis™
	tadalafil ^{CC, QL}	$\mathit{Opsumit}^{_{\mathit{@}}\mathit{QL}}$
	Tracleer® tablets CC, QL	Orenitram ER™
		Revatio $tablets^{^{ ext{ iny }}CC}$
		sildenafil suspension ^{CC}
		Tracleer® 32 mg tablets for
		suspension ^{CC, QL}
		Tyvaso™CC
		Tyvaso DPI TM CC
		$\mathit{Uptravi}^{_{\mathscr{D}}\mathit{QL}}$
		Ventavis® CC

Full Class Reviews

Anticonvulsants: First Generation

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Anticonvulsants: First Generation* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Anticonvulsants: First	Celontin®	clonazepam ODT
Generation	clobazam ^{QL}	Depakene®
	clonazepam tablets ^{QL}	$Depakote^{ ilde{x}}$
	diazepam rectal gel $^{ m QL}$	Depakote ER®
	divalproex delayed-release	Depakote® Sprinkle
	divalproex sodium ER	$Diastat^{{ ilde R}\;QL}$
	divalproex sprinkle	Dilantin®
	ethosuximide	Felbatol [®]





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
	felbamate	Klonopin® QL
	Nayzilam ^{® QL}	$My so line^{ extit{ iny B}}$
	Peganone [®]	$Onfi^{^{ au_{QL}}}$
	phenobarbital ^{CC}	$Phenytek^{\circledR}$
	phenytoin IR/ER	$Sympazan^{^{ am CC,\ QL}}$
	primidone ^{CC}	Zarontin®
	valproate	
	valproic acid	
	Valtoco ^{® QL}	

Topical Antifungal Agents

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least one unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Topical Antifungals Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Topical Antifungal Agents	ciclopirox cream, solution clotrimazole cream, solution clotrimazole/betamethasone cream ketoconazole cream ^{QL} ketoconazole shampoo Nyamyc [®] nystatin cream, ointment, powder ^{QL} nystatin/triamcinolone cream, ointment Nystop [®]	Ciclodan® cream, kit, solution ciclopirox suspension, shampoo, gel, kit clotrimazole/betamethasone lotion econazole Ertaczo® Exelderm® Extina® Jublia® CC Kerydin™ CC ketoconazole foam Ketodan™ Loprox® luliconazole Luzu® Mentax® miconazole/zinc oxide/petrolatum naftifine Naftin® Oxiconazole qL Oxistat® QL sulconazole nitrate cream, solution tavaborole





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		Triamazole™ CC, QL
		Vusion®

Anti-Emetics: Other

Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 4 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Anti-Emetics: Other* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Anti-Emetics: Other	Bonjesta [®]	Antivert®
	meclizine	Bonjesta® CC
	metoclopramide oral solution, tablets	$Compro^{\circledR}$
	prochlorperazine tablets	$Diclegis^{^{ au_L}CC,\;QL}$
	promethazine syrup, tablets	doxylamine/pyridoxine ^{CC, QL}
	promethazine/Promethegan 12.5, 25 mg	$Gimoti^{^{ extit{TM}}}$ CC , QL
	suppositories	metoclopramide ODT
	scopolamine patches	prochlorperazine suppositories
		promethazine/Promethegan 50 mg
		suppositories
		Reglan®
		Transderm-Scop®
		trimethobenzamide

Topical Antiviral Agents

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least one unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Topical Antiviral Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Topical Antiviral Agents	acyclovir cream, ointment	Denavir®
		$Xerese^{TM}$
		Zovirax® cream, ointment





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents

GI Motility Agents

Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 2 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *GI Motility Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
GI Motility Agents	Amitiza® CC, AE, QL	alosetron ^{CC, AE, QL}
	Linzess® CC, AE, QL	Ibsrela® CC, AE, QL
	Movantik® CC, AE, QL	$Lotronex^{@\ CC,\ AE,\ QL}$
	Trulance™ CC, AE, QL	$lubiprostone ^{AE, QL}$
		$Motegrity^{{\scriptscriptstyle TM}AE,\;QL}$
		Relistor® CC, AE, QL
		Symproic® CC, AE, QL
		Viberzi® CC, AE, QL

Immunomodulators, Atopic Dermatitis

Class Selection & Guidelines

- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 1 unique chemical entity should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Immunomodulators, Atopic Dermatitis* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Immunomodulators, Atopic	Dupixent® CC, QL	$Adbry^{^{ au_{CC}}, AE, QL}$
.Dermatitis	Elidel®	$Opzelura^{ au_{CC,AE}}$
	Eucrisa ^{® CC, QL}	pimecrolimus
	Protopic [®]	tacrolimus ointment

Multiple Sclerosis Agents





- DMS to select preferred agent(s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least 5 unique chemical entities should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non-preferred and will require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Multiple Sclerosis Agents* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Advisory Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Mulitple Sclerosis Agents	Avonex® CC, QL	$Ampyra^{^{T\!M}QL}$
	Betaseron® CC, QL	$Aubagio^{ m extit{R}}$ QL
	Copaxone® 20 mg ^{CC, QL}	Bafiertam $^{^{ au_{AE,\ QL}}}$
	dalfampridine ER ^{QL}	Copaxone® 40 mg ^{QL}
	dimethyl fumarate ^{CC, QL}	Extavia® ^{QL}
	Gilenya™ CC, QL	$fingolimod^{QL}$
	Rebif® CC, QL	glatiramer acetate ^{QL}
		Glatopa ^{™ QL}
		Kesimpta® CC, AE, QL
		Mavenclad® CC ,AE, QL
		Mayzent® CC ,AE, QL
		$Plegridy^{@QL}$
		$Ponvory^{^{TM}}CC$, AE , QL
		Tascenso ODT [™]
		Tecfidera ^{™ QL}
		$Vumerity^{^{ au_{AE,QL}}}$
		Zeposia® CC, AE, QL

Topical Steroids

- DMS to select preferred agent (s) based on economic evaluation; however, at least two agents in each of the potency categories (low, medium, high, and very high) should be preferred.
- Agents not selected as preferred will be considered non preferred and require PA.
- For any new chemical entity in the *Topical Steroids* class, require PA until reviewed by the P&T Committee.

Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
Topical Steroids	alclometasone dipropionate Anusol® HC	amcinonide Ana-Lex™
	betamethasone dipropionate cream, lotion	Aqua Glycolic HC® Beser™
	betamethasone dipropionate (augmented) cream	betamethasone dipropionate ointment
	betamethasone valerate cream, ointment	betamethasone dipropionate augmented
	clobetasol propionate cream, ointment,	





Drug Class	Drafarrad Agents	Non Professed Agents
Drug Class	Preferred Agents shampoo, solution	Non-Preferred Agents ointment, lotion, gel
	Clodan® shampoo	betamethasone valerate foam, lotion
	Derma-Smoothe/FS®	Bryhali TM
	desonide cream, ointment	Capex® Shampoo
	fluocinonide ointment, solution	clobetasol emollient
	fluticasone propionate cream, ointment	clobetasol propionate foam, gel,
	halobetasol propionate cream, ointment	lotion, spray
	hydrocortisone cream, lotion, ointment	$Clobex^{\circledR}$
	mometasone furoate cream, ointment,	clocortolone
	solution	Clodan® kit
	Procto-Med HC™	$Cloderm^{\circledast}$
	Procto-Pak™	desonide lotion
	Proctosol-HC®	desoximetasone
	$\operatorname{Proctozone} ext{-}\operatorname{HC}^{\scriptscriptstyleTM}$	diflorasone diacetate
	triamcinolone acetonide cream, lotion,	$Diprolene^{ ext{@}}$
	ointment	fluocinolone acetonide oil, cream, ointment, solution
		fluocinonide emollient
		fluocinonide cream, gel
		flurandrenolide
		fluticasone propionate lotion
		halcinonide cream
		halobetasol propionate foam
		Halog®
		hydrocortisone butyrate
		hydrocortisone butyrate/emollient
		hydrocortisone valerate cream, ointment
		Impeklo TM
		Kenalog®
		Lexette
		$Lidocort^{\tau_{M}}$
		$Locoid^{\otimes}$
		Locoid Lipocream®
		$Luxiq^{@}$
		Olux®, Olux-E®
		Pandel®
		prednicarbate
		Proctocort®
		Sanaderm TM Rx
		Synalar®, Synalar® TS
		Temovate®
		Texacort®
		Topicort®
		$Tovet^{TM}$





Drug Class	Preferred Agents	Non-Preferred Agents
		triamcinolone acetonide spray
		<i>Ultravate®</i>
		$Vanos^{{\scriptscriptstyle TM}}$

Classes Reviewed by Consent Agenda

No change in PDL status:

- Acne Agents, Oral
- Acne Agents, Topical
- Antibiotics, Topical
- Anticholinergics/Antispasmodics
- Antidiarrheals
- Antiemetics & Antivertigo Agents
 - o Oral Anti-Emetics: 5-HT3 Antagonists
 - o Oral Anti-Emetics: NK-1 Antagonists
 - o Oral Anti-Emetics: Δ-9-THC Derivatives
- Antiparasitic, Topical
- Antipsoriatic, Oral
- Antipsoriatics, Topical
- Anti-Ulcer Protectants
- Bile Salts
- Cytokine and CAM Antagonists
- Histamine II Receptor Blockers (H2 Receptor Antagonists)
- *H. pylori* Treatment
- Immunomodulators, Asthma
- Immunosuppressives, Oral (Immunosuppressants)
- Laxatives and Cathartics
- Ophthalmics, Allergic Conjunctivitis
 - o Ophthalmic Antihistamines
 - o Ophthalmic Mast Cells Stabilizers
- Ophthalmics, Antibiotics
 - o Ophthalmic Quinolones
 - Ophthalmic Antibiotics, Non-Quinolones
- Ophthalmics, Antibiotics-Steroid Combinations
- Ophthalmics, Anti-inflammatories
 - o Ophthalmic NSAIDs
 - o Ophthalmic Anti-inflammatory Steroids
- Ophthalmics, Antivirals
- Ophthalmics, Glaucoma Agents
 - o Ophthalmic Beta Blockers
 - o Ophthalmic Carbonic Anhydrase Inhibitors
 - o Ophthalmic Combinations for Glaucoma





- o Ophthalmic Prostaglandin Agonists
- o Ophthalmic Sympathomimetics
- Ophthalmic Glaucoma Agents, Other
- Ophthalmic Immunomodulators
- Ophthalmics, Mydriatics & Mydriatic Combinations
- Ophthalmic Vasoconstrictors
- Otic Antibiotics
- Otic Anesthetic and Anti-Inflammatories
- Proton Pump Inhibitors
- Rosacea Agents, Topical
- Spinal Muscular Atrophy
- Ulcerative Colitis Agents